# RAPIDES AREA PLANNING COMMISSION ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Under provisions of state law, this report is a public document. Acopy of the report has been submitted to the entity and other appropriate public officials. The report is available for public inspection at the Baton Rouge office of the Legislative Auditor and, where appropriate, at the office of the parish clerk of court.

Release Date\_\_\_\_\_\_ JAN 3 0 2013 \_\_\_

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# ROZIER, HARRINGTON & MCKAY CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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M. DALE HARRINGTON, CPA RETIRED - 2005

November 7, 2012

#### Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Commissioners Rapides Area Planning Commission

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Rapides Area Planning Commission, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the Planning Commission's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These basic financial statements are the responsibility of the management of the Rapides Area Planning Commission. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these basic financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the basic financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

in our opinion, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Rapides Area Planning Commission, as of June 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information listed in the accompanying table of contents are not a required part of the financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have

applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquires of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplemental information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued a report dated November 7, 2012, on our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

ROZIER, HARRINGTON & MEKAY

Rogin Hangton+ Mel

Certified Public Accountants

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2012

This section of annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the Planning Commission's financial performance during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, along with certain comparative information for the previous year.

#### **OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The basic financial statements include government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements. These two types of financial statements present the Planning Commission's financial position and results of operations from differing perspectives which are described as follows:

#### Gevernment - Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements report information about the Planning Commission as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. These report all revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid. Furthermore, the government-wide statements include all of the Planning Commission's assets and all of the Planning Commission's liabilities. All of the Planning Commission's activities are classified as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. The governmental activities are financed primarily by grants and various fees.

#### Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements provide detailed information regarding the Planning Commission's most significant activities and are not intended to provide information for the Planning Commission as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that are used to account for specific sources of funds. All of the Planning Commission's funds are Governmental Funds. These funds are used to account for essentially the same functions that are reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike government-wide financial statements, the governmental fund use a modified accrual basis of accounting that provides a short-term view of the Planning Commission's finances. Assets reported by governmental funds are limited to amounts that are available for current needs. In addition, liabilities are limited to amounts that are expected to be paid from currently available assets.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE PLANNING COMMISSION AS A WHOLE

A comparative analysis of the government-wide Statement of Net Assets is presented as follows:

		For th Ended J				
	2012			2011		
<u>Assets:</u>						
Cash	5	324,758	\$	255,485		
Receivables		81,329		199,929		
Depreciable capital assets, net		27,458		51,077		
Total Assets		433,545		506,491		

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2012

	For the Year Ended June 30,				
	2012	2011			
Linbilities:					
Accounts Payable	20,459	9,942			
Compensated Absences	36,679	36,702			
Total Linbilities	57,138	46,644			
Net Assets:					
Invested in Capital Assets	27,458	51,077			
Unrestricted	348,949	408,770			
Total Net Assets	\$ 376,407	\$ 459,847			

As the presentation appearing above demonstrates, with the exception of \$27,458 invested in capital assets, the Planning Commission's net assets are unrestricted and may be used to meet the Planning Commission's ongoing obligations.

A comparative analysis of the government-wide Statement of Activities is presented as follows:

	For the Year Ended June 30,				
	2012	2011			
Revenues: Program Revenue:					
Charges For Services	\$ 1,137,088	\$ 1,120,967			
Operating Grants and Contributions	` '	183,617			
Capital Grants and Contributions					
General Revenue:					
Membership Dues	45,580	43,688			
Other	1,706	4,432			
Total Revenue	1,184,374	1,352,704			
Expenses: Program Expenses:					
Metropolitan Area Transportation Planning	173,673	174,047			
Transit Planning	53,684	53,755			
Travel Demand Management	100,807	51,587			
General Planning and Code Enforcement	939,650	1,006,047			
Total Expenses	1,267,814	1,285,436			
Excess (Deficiency) Before Special Items	(83,440)	67,268			
Special Item: Loss on Impairment of Capital Assets		(98,551)			
Change in Net Assets	(83,440)	(31,283)			
Net Assets Beginning	459,847	491,130			
Net Assets Ending	\$ 376,407	\$ 459,847			

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2012

As the accompanying presentation demonstrates, the Planning Commission has experienced a decline in net assets amounting to 18.1%. The primary reason for the decline is expenditure of funds that management expects to be eventually reimbursed by grant funds. At year end the anticipated grant funds did not meet criteria for including the expected grant proceeds in current revenue.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE PLANNING COMMISSION'S FUNDS

For the year ended June 30, 2012, differences between the government-wide presentation and the fund financial statements were limited to reporting equipment, related depreciation, and the liability for compensated absences in the government-wide presentation.

#### BUDGET HIGHLIGHTS

State law requires the general fund to have a budget. For the year ended June 30, 2012, the budget was amended to address changes in the availability of grant funds.

#### CAPITAL ASSET ADMINISTRATION

For the year ended June 30, 2012, capital assets activity was limited depreciating existing capital asset.

#### **DEBT ADMINISTRATION**

For the year ended June 30, 2012, there was no debt activity and no debts are outstanding at year end.

## FACTORS EXPECTED TO EFFECT FUTURE OPERATIONS

At the present time, no known issues are expected to have a significant impact on future operations.

# Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2012

		emmental ctivities
<u>ASSETS</u>		1
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	324,758
Receivables (net)		81,329
Capital Assets - Depreciable		27,458
Total Assets		433,545
•		<u>!</u> •
<u>LIABILITIES</u>	•	
Accounts Payable		20,459
Compensated Absences		36,679
Total Liabilities		57,138
NET ASSETS		
Invested in Capital Assets		27,458
Unrestricted		348,949
Total Net Assets (deficit)	<u>\$</u>	376,407

# Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

			Program Revenue						Net	(Expenses)											
		Indirect Expense Expenses Allocation		Expense		Expense		Expense		Expense		Expense		Expense		Charges For Grants and Services Contribution		Capital Grants and s Contributions		Revenue and Changes in Net Assets	
Governmental Activities Public Safety																					
Metropolitan Area Transportation			_		_			_			_										
Planning	\$	104,204	\$	69,469	\$	135,876		-	\$	-	\$	(37,797)									
Transit Planning		32,210		21,474		44,947		•		-		(8,737)									
Travel Demand Management General Planning and Code		60,484		40,323		100,000		-				(807)									
Enforcement	_	1,070,916	_	(131,266)	_	856,265		<u>.                                    </u>	_			(83,385)									
Total Governmental Activities		1,267,814			_	1,137,088		<u> </u>	_			(130,726)									
						al Revenues embership D		ŝ				45,580									
					Ot	ner '						1,706									
					To	tal General l	Re	venues and S	pecial	Items		47,286									
					Chang	e in Net Ass	set	s				(83,440)									
					Net A	ssets - Begit	nni	ng				459,847									
					Net A	sets - Endir	ng				\$	376,407									

# Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2012

	General
Assets	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 324,758
Receivables	
Total assets	\$ 406,087
Liabilities and Fund Balance	
Liabilities	•
Accounts Payable	\$ 20,459
Other Liabilities	
Total liabilities	20,459
Fund Balance	
Unassigned	385,628
Total Fund Balances	385,628
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$_406,087

Total Fund Belances - Governmental Funds	\$	385,628
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of		
net assets are different because:		
Long term liabilities are not due and payable in the current		
period and therefore they are not reported in the		
Governmental Fund Balance Shoot		(36,679
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial	al	
resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		27,458

# Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	<u>General</u>
Revenues:	:
Intergovernmental	
Federal Grants	•
Metropolitan Planning	\$ 135,876
Transit	44,947
Travel Demand Management	100,000
Other	1,462
Dues '	45,580
Fees and Charges for Services	
Building Code Enforcement	849,286
Other Development Fees	5,517
Other	1,706
Total revenues	1,184,374
Expenditures:	
Current	<u>:</u>
Metropolitan Area Transportation Planning	1,73,673
Transit Planning	53,684
Travel Demand Management	100,807
General Planning and Code Enforcement	916,054
Capital Expenditures	
Total expenditures	1,244,218
Net Change in Fund Balances	(59,844)
Fund balance - Beginning of Year	445,472
Fond balance - End of Year	\$ 385,628

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

		i	
Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds		\$	(59,844)
Some transactions reported in the statement of activities do not require the		:	
use of current financial resources. According, a timing diffence	•		
exist between when transactions affect the governmental funds and			
government-wide activities.			23
Capital outlays are reported in Governmental Funds as expenditures;		·	
however, in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities, the cost			
is reported as an asset and allocated over estimated useful lives			
as depreciation expense. Amounts reported as capital expenditures and			
depreciation expense are provided as follows:			
Capital expenditures reported by Governmental Funds	_		
Depreciation expense reported on a government-wide basis	(23,619)	_	(23,619)
Change in Net Assets - Government-Wide Statement of Activities		\$	(83,440)

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2012

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

State law allows one or more political subdivisions to establish regional planning areas. The Rapides Area Planning Commission was formed by the joint action of the Rapides Parish Police Jury and various municipalities located within the Parish. The Planning Commission is governed by a Board of Commissioners composed of representatives appointed by the participating political subdivisions. Accounting and financial reporting polices utilized by the Planning Commission are described as follows:

#### Financial Reporting Entity

The Planning Commission is considered a legally separate stand-alone government as defined by Governmental Accounting Standards. The reporting entity is composed of the activities that are under the direct control of the Board of Commissioners. The Planning Commission is not financially accountable for any organizations that maintain separate legal standing; therefore, it has no component units.

#### Bosic Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include both government-wide and fund financial statements. Both government-wide and fund financial statements categorize all of the Planning Commission's operations as governmental activities. Governmental activities involve government services that are normally supported by fees and intergovernmental revenues.

The government-wide and fund financial statements present the Planning Commission's financial position and results of operations from differing perspectives which are described as follows:

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities display information about the Planning Commission as a whole. The effect of any interfund activity is eliminated from these financial statements. Furthermore, government-wide financial statements exclude any fiduciary activities which are reported in the fund financial statements.

Program revenues reported in the Statement of Activities consist of amounts that are directly associated with a governmental service. Program revenues include charges for services and most grants. Indirect expenses are allocated to programs based on detailed time and attendance record maintained by the Planning Commission's staff.

#### Fund Financial Statements

Funds are separate accounting entities that are designed to assist with demonstrating legal compliance and segregating transactions by activity. Major individual funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. The Planning Commission's major funds are limited the general fund, which is used for all operations.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2012

#### Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied. The basis of accounting and measurement focus used for various financial statement presentations are described as follows:

Financial Statement Presentation
Government-Wide Financial Statements
Fund Financial Statements

<u>Basis of Accounting</u>
Accrual Basis
Modified Accrual Basis

Measurement Focus
Economic Resources
Current Financial Resources

Under the accrual basis of accounting and the economic resources measurement focus, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred.

Under the modified account basis of account and the current financial resources measurement focus revenue is recognized when it is considered measurable and available. Revenue is considered available if it is collected within 60 days of year end or due under a cost reimbursement arrangement. In addition, expenses are generally recorded when a liability has been incurred. Furthermore, when the current financial resources measure focus is used, amounts recorded as assets exclude capital assets and the acquisition of capital assets is treated as an expenditure. In addition, long-term debts are excluded from amounts reported as liabilities. Proceeds from issuing long-term debt is reported as an other financing source and repayment of long-term debt is reported as an expenditure.

#### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statement in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### **Budget Practices**

The Planning Commission adopts a budget for each fiscal year as prescribed by State Law. Budgets present revenue and expenditures on a basis which is consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets include significant acquisitions of equipment that are expected to remain in service for a period of years. Capital assets are reported in the government-wide financial statements but are excluded from the fund financial statements. Instead, the funds report the acquisition of capital assets as expenditures rather than asset acquisitions.

All capital assets are reported at historical cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciated is computed using the straight-line method and estimated useful lives that are based on the expected durability of the particular asset. A useful life of five to ten years is typically used.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2012

#### Cash

Amounts reported as cash and cash equivalents (restricted and unrestricted) include all cash on hand, cash in bank accounts, certificates of deposit and highly liquid investments. Credit risk is managed by requiring fiscal agents to provide security for any deposits that exceed FDIC limits. Furthermore, interest rate risk is managed by limiting the duration of deposit arrangements.

#### Compensated Absences

Permanent employees are eligible to receive paid vacation. Based on seniority, full time employees earn between 8 and 14 hours of vacation each month. In addition, employees are allowed to accumulate up to 160 hours of vested vacation benefits.

#### Indirect Expense Allocations

Under the terms of various grant arrangements, the Planning Commission is eligible to receive reimbursement for direct labor and indirect costs that are based on a predetermined percentage of direct labor. Reimbursements earned as a result of applying the predetermined indirect costs rate are presented as indirect expense allocations in the accompanying Statement of Activities.

#### NOTE 2 - CASH

Deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Under state law, these deposits must be secured by federal deposit insurance or the pledge of securities owned by the fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent.

At June 30, 2012, the Rapides Area Planning Commission has \$322,528 in deposits (collected bank balance) and these deposits are secured by FDIC coverage.

## NOTE 3 - RECEIVABLES

At June 30, 2012, consisted entirely of amounts due from governmental sources, which are described as follows:

	Service Fees	Grant Funds	Total
Louisiana Department of Transportation and			
Development	\$ 76,197	\$	<b>s</b> —
Rapides Parish Police Jury	5,132		5,132
Governor's Office of Homeland Security and	,		
Emergency Preparedness		30,000	30,000
Total Receivables	81,329	30,000	111,329
Allowance for Uncollectible Balances		(30,000)	(30,000)
Receivables Net	\$ 81,329	<u>s</u>	\$ 81,329

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2012

#### NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of the Planning Commission's capital assets is provided as follows:

	Beginning Balance			ditions	Disp	Ending Balance			
Capital Assets Being Depreciated: Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	\$	214,589	\$	***	\$.	****	\$	214,589	
Less Accumulated Depreciation		163,512	_	23,6 <u>19</u>	_			187,131	
Total Net of Depreciation	\$	51,077	\$ (	23,619)	\$		\$	27,458	

## NOTE 5 - PAYABLES

At June 30, 2012, accounts payable are limited to amounts due to vendors in the ordinary course of business.

## NOTE 6 - ACCRUED LEAVE

Long-term liabilities are limited to accrued leave earned by employees. Resources provided by the general fund are used to liquidate the accrued leave balances. Accrued leave balances and activity are presented as follows:

Beginning Balance	\$ 36,702
Net Increase (Decrease)	 (23)
Ending Balance	\$ 36,679

## NOTE 7 - GRANT COMPLIANCE CONTINGENCIES

The Planning Commission receives state and federal assistance through various grant programs. Management is confident that all significant grant conditions have been met; however, grantor agencies routinely review grant activity and could request reimbursement if a dispute occurs regarding compliance with grant conditions.

## NOTE 8 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Planning Commission is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft, damage or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

The Planning Commission insures against these risks by participating in a public entity risk pool that operates as a common insurance program and by purchasing commercial insurance. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2012

#### NOTE 9 - BOARD MEMBER COMPENSATION

The Board of Commissioners is composed of volunteers that serve without compensation.

#### NOTE 10 - RETIREMENT PLAN

Employees are eligible to participate in a defined contribution retirement plan. Under the terms of the plan, employees are allowed to contribute a portion of their compensation to the plan. In addition, the Planning Commission provides an employer match of up to 3% of the employee's compensation. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2012 are summarized as follows:

Employee Contributions	\$ 32,967	
Employer Match	16,419	
Total Contributions	\$ 49,386	

#### NOTE 11 - OPERATING LEASE

The Planning Commission occupies a rented facility under the terms of a lease executed September 24, 2007. The lease requires annual rent in the amount of \$40,382 and includes provision for adjustments based on the Consumer Price Index. For the year ended June 30, 2012, rent expense amounted to \$44,218.

The lease agreement covers an initial term of two years that expired on September 30, 2009. In addition, the Planning District has options to renew the lease for two additional terms of two years each, with the final option period concluding September 30, 2013.

Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Salance - Sudget vs Actual General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental				
Federal Grants	•			
Metropolitan Planning	\$ 138,611	\$ 138,611	\$ 135,876	\$ (2,735)
Transit	46,600	44,947	44,947	-
Hazard Mitigation				
Rapides Parish Coliseum	42,500	17,121	1,462	(15,659)
Building Code Enforcement	65,000	82,500	-	(82,500)
Travel Demand Management	100,000	100,000	100,000	- '
Beltway Study	100,000	-	<u>-</u>	
Dues	50,043	50,044	45,580	(4,464)
Fees and Charges for Services				-
Building Code Enforcement	1,008,600	941,608	849,286	(92,322)
Other Development Fees	13,225	3,322	5,517	2,195
Other	7,700	6,465	1,706	(4,759)
Total revenues	1,572,279	1,384,618	1,184,374	(200,244)
Expenditures:				
Current				
Public Safety				
Salaries	723,628	709,380	660,192	49,188
Payroil Taxes and Benefits	244,144	218,047	215,281	2,766
Lease Expense	51,000	46,470	44,218	2,252
General Insurance	16,296	16,400	15,333	1,067
Utilities and Communications	29,280	36,890	33,758	3,132
Office Supplies and Equipment	50,200	40,074	34,005	6,069
Software	56,500	56,500	45,602	10,898
Travel	87,000	88,000	82,896	5,104
Repairs and Maintenance	199,300	80,100	7,790	72,310
Other	565,831	712,757	105,143	607,614
Capital Expenditures		<del></del> _		
Total expenditures	2,023,179	2,004,618	1,244,218	760,400
Net Change in Fund Balances	(450,900)	(620,000)	(59,844)	560,156
Fund balance - Beginning of Year	445,472	445,472	445,472	
Fund balance - End of Year	\$ (5,428)	\$ (174,528)	\$ 385,628	\$ 560,156

# ROZIER, HARRINGTON & MCKAY CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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M. DALE HARRINGTON, CAA RETIRED - 2000

November 7, 2012

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING
AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH
GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Commissioners Rapides Area Planning Commission

We have audited the financial statements of the Rapides Area Planning Commission, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, and have issued our report thereon dated November 7, 2012. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

## INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Planning Commission's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Planning Commission's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Planning Commission's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal, course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on at timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

#### COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Planning Commission's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards, which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2012-1.

This report is intended for the information of management. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

ROZIER, HARRINGTON & McKAY
Certified Public Accountants

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COST For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

#### PART I - SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS:

- The Independent Auditors' Report on the basic financial statements of the Rapides Area Planning Commission as of June 30, 2012 and for the year then ended expressed an unqualified opinion.
- The audit did not disclose any audit findings which are considered to be significant deficiencies in internal control or material weaknesses.
- The results of the audit disclosed an instance of noncompliance required to be reported in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Cost.

<u>PART II - FINDINGS RELATING TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WHICH</u>
<u>ARE REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GENERALLY</u>
<u>ACCEPTED GOVERNMENTAL AUDITING STANDARDS:</u>

#### 2012-1: BUDGETING

Unfavorable budget variances exceeded limits allowed by Louisiana Law due to unexpected problems collecting reimbursements due under a grant arrangement.

# MANAGEMENT'S CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

SECTION I INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE MATERIAL TO THE PINANCIAL STATEMENTS.				
2012-1: Burnerstrive: Unfavorable budget variances exceeded limits aflowed by Louisiana Law due to unexpected problems collecting relimbursements due under a grant errangement.	2012-1: Management's Response  The unfavorable budget variance was attributable to an extenuating circumstance involving a grant. Since this grant will not be available in the finure, the issue is expected to be resolved automatically and no corrective action is necessary.			
SECTION II INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE MATERIAL TO FEDERAL AWARDS				
No fludings were reported in the subclude of findings and questioned costs.	Response – N/A į			
SECTION III MANAGEMENT LETTER				
No management letter was issued.	Response – N/A			

# SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

# <u>SECTION I</u> INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE MATERIAL TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

#### 2011-1: Bungaris

Findings related to the amended budget for the year ended June 30, 2011 are described as follows:

- Louisiana law requires budgets to be completed prior to conclusion of the fiscal year. However, the amended budget for the year ended June 30, 2011 was not adopted until July, 2011. In the future, management should take action to ensure that budgets are adopted within the required period of time.
- Unfavorable budget variances exceeded limits allowed by state law. The variance occurred because the budgeted, revenue included grant funds that did not meet criteria for revenue recognition. Revenue recognition criteria were not met primarily because the grant funds were not collected within a sufficient period of time to be included in revenue for the fiscal year. In the future, budgeted revenue should exclude any grant funds that are speculative in acture.

#### RESOLVED

Budget issues have been resolved with the exception of a remaining issue involving a single great that is discussed in Finding 2012-1.

# SECTION II INTERNAL CONTROL AND COMPLIANCE MATERIAL TO FEDERAL AWARDS

No findings of this nature were reported

Response - N/A

#### SECTION III MANAGEMENT LETTER

#### TRANSACTION APPROVAL

The Commission's policy for approving payments to vendors requires two parties to sign each check prior to sending the payment. Due to the limited availability of personnel authorized to sign checks, some payments were sent with a single signature. In order to ensure that future payments are properly approved, we suggest addressing this matter as follows:

- Considered whether it is practical to continue requiring two signatures on each check.
- If requiring the additional signature is considered practical, the policy should be enforced without exception.

#### RESOLVED

The Commission has resolved the previous finding by complying with the existing policy requiring two signatures on each check.

If obtaining the additional signature is not practical, alternative policies should be developed to custore that transactions are approved by the proper level of management.

#### ACCOUNTING SOFTWARE

The Commission currently uses Quicken software for financial reporting purposes. The intended use of this product is to assist individuals and families with household recordkeeping and budgets. Due to its limitations, Quicken is not adequate for the accounting needs of political subdivision with numerous employees and an annual budget in excess of one million dollars. Accordingly, we suggest purchasing and implementing accounting software that is adequate for the commissions needs.

#### RESOLVED

The Commission has purchased and implemented suitable accounting software.